

he later died.

The riot continued until the evening with pitch battles taking place throughout the area. Police raided local businesses looking for alleged suspects. In total 73 people were arrested in connection with the riot; of those arrested, 53 were Mexican.

1d *Arrest of Odilon Luna, Miguel Tarin, and Raul Palma*
On May 6, 1917, three anarchists and members of the Partido Liberal Mexicano (PLM) were arrested for allegedly attempting to incite revolution and advocating anarchy. The three men were brutally beaten while incarcerated. Odilon Luna and Raul Palma, son-in-law of Ricardo Flores Magon, were handed over to the Immigration Inspector for deportation but were released on bond because of a lack of evidence.

But the arresting detective was not deterred and re-arrested Raul Palma, this time for an unsolved murder of a grocery man. Members of the Magonistas testified that Palma was at a dinner party at the home of Ricardo Flores Magon. Charges were eventually dropped after the prosecutor was unable to find a jury willing to convict him.

2 346 Apablaza Street

Sacco and Vanzetti Defense Committee Arrests

On August 9, 1927, just weeks before the State murder of Sacco and Vanzetti, the police raided several locations throughout Los Angeles, arresting a total of 19 communists and anarchists. Six of those detained were officers of the Sacco and Vanzetti Defense Committee. The arrests were an attempt to squash ongoing demonstrations at the Plaza over Sacco and Vanzetti's execution. One of those raids took place at 346 Apablaza Street, which was located where Union Station now stands. It was here where four members of the Sacco and Vanzetti Defense Committee were arrested and booked on criminal syndicalism. All four were Chinese communists (Wong Lew, Yee Sing, Den Chu, and Tom Mar.)



Raid on Sacco and Vanzetti Defense Committee

3 420 North Los Angeles Street

Office of the Industrial Workers of the World (I.W.W.)

In 1913, this location was the headquarters for the Industrial Workers of the World. Just a few steps away from the Plaza, the I.W.W. office was the hub for the free speech battle taking place throughout Los Angeles and the Plaza. During the Christmas Riot of 1913, the body of Rafael Adames, an anarchist and I.W.W. member, was taken to the office. He soon passed away as his body lay on a chair underneath a picture of Karl Marx. After the riot, the location was raided and police discovered a cache of knives and gas pipes.

4 406 N. Los Angeles Street

Pluma Roja Office

Between 1913-1915, Pluma Roja, the first anarcho-feminist newspaper was published at this address. The newspaper was published by the Columbian anarchist, Blanca de Moncaleano. The newspaper's motto was: "Ante mi la estrella del ideal, Tras de mi los hombres, no miro atras." ("Be-